The Saturday Evening Post.

VOLUME I. PHILADELPHIA, MARCH 2, 1822. NUMBER 31.

PRINTED BY ATKINSON & ALEXANDER,
No. 53 MARKET STREET,
Four doors below Second st.—north side.

CONDITIONS.

The *Saturday Evening Post* is published once a week, on a large royal sheet, at two dollars a year; payable half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS at the end of the year.

No subscription received in the city for less than six months—in the country, no subscription received under one year.

Subscribers will have the privilege to insert an advertisement, throughout the year, to the extent of half a square, at two dollars additional—with the customary allowance for renewals and alterations. Non-subscribers to pay at the rate of one dollar per square for three insertions.

A Letter Box will be found at the gate (No. 53 Market street) where Advertisements and Communications may be deposited—or they will be thankfully received in the Office back.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

SONG.—THE DAYS OF MY CHILDHOOD.

Tune—*The Garland of Love.*

[The scene in the following Stanzas is at the celebrated *Rock Springs*, in Lancaster county, near the borders of Maryland, and two or three miles from the river Susquehanna, where the author was on a visit in September last. The stream or ripple is at the foot of an high woody hill, which is so beset with underwood that it was with some difficulty he penetrated a short distance along.]

While lonely and pensive, I roam in this wild-wood,
And sit by the side of its murmuring stream,
Fond mem'ry will dwell on the days of my childhood
When joy and delight, and affection were sheen.

How free from emotions the heart that will brood not,
O'er years when each moment was happy and gay,
Yet cheerless the bosom where pleasures intrude not,
To lighten each sorrow as time flies away.

But where is the being so gay that will dwell not,
With pleasing delight o'er his infantile years;
So grateful the feelings, what bosom will swell not,
When memory traces each scene it reveres.

Tho' lonely and pensive I roam in this wild-wood,
And sit by the side of its murmuring stream,
Yet mem'ry will dwell on the days of my childhood,
When joy and delight, and affection were sheen
ALEXALIS.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

To "*Alberto*," and "*Orville*,"

ON THEIR DEROGATION OF THE WINE-CUP.

Withhold from "me the wine-cup—no!"
For pleasure ever dwelleth there;
It is the balm of ev'ry woe,
'Tis that alone dispels Despair!
"Yes! true," most true, "the cup is bound"
"With many a beauteous," glorious "wreath,"
And O! "its hours, by votaries crown'd,"
Shall smile when in the arms of *Death*.

Withhold from "me the wine-cup—no!"
For hopeful bliss dwells ever there,
To raise the soul from scenes below,
And fix her, high above *Despair!*
"The goblet's joys are lightning's flash,
Bright beaming from the" azure "skies,"
And "soon is heard the thunder's crash,"
But lo! the body only dies!

Withhold from "me the wine-cup—no,"
With Joy and Happiness 'tis crown'd,
With scenes of bliss 'twill ever flow,
And Pleasure ever sparkle round.
"The purple bowl is" ever "bright,"
"And o'er our minds can" ever "waft"
"A thousand scenes of gay delight,"
Where DEATH—shall ne'er inhale the draught.
BLOCKLEY BARD.

February 19, 1822.

Solution of the Enigma in last Saturday's paper.

Ah me! this world is wretched grown,
By means of those who lie alone—
Each *Bachelor*—it is no joke—
Disdains the matrimonial yoke;

Fortune may favour, beauty smile,
Even opulence may plead the while;
Lost to all sense, he turns aside—
Love never can the wretch abide.
Oh! lovely maiden haste thy flight,
With scorn this selfish race requite. G.

OR,

Before the world was populated,
Eternal Deity proclaim'd,
Death's power to last—Man be created!

Frail in his nature—Adam nam'd:
Eve to him by God was given,
Lovely, blooming, as the rose;
Left in the heavenly vale of Eden,
On condition the scripture shows,
Which breaking—the Enigma clos'd.
P. M. H.

From the Charleston Courier.

LOVE AT THE JOCKEY CLUB BALL.

METHINKS, said Love, as I went to the Race,
I'll go to the Ball, where each shining Grace,
Like a band of Sylphs, in their mystic round,
Will lightly dance to the music's sound.

I'll wear me a sash of the violet's hue,
As bright as a hare-bell, bath'd in dew,
And I'll go as a harper, and get from P.
His tuneful lyre of minstrelsy.

And I'll sweep its melodious silver string,
That rival beauty and youth may bring,
A chaplet of bays for his brow, that he
May remember them, when he thinks of me.

So said Love—and away he flew,
For P's harp, full well he knew,
That the Muses had destin'd his hand to bear
To their favored bard, a gift so fair. E. J.

SERENADE.

"Love wakes and weeps,
While Beauty sleeps!
O for Music's softest numbers,
To prompt a theme,
For Beauty's dream,
Soft as the pillow of her slumbers.

"Through groves of palm,
Sigh gales of balm,
Fire-flies on the air are wheeling,
While through the gloom
Comes soft perfume,
The distant beds of flowers revealing.

"O wake and live,
No dream can give,
A shadow'd bliss, the real excelling;
No longer sleep,
From lattice peep,
And list the tale that Love is telling."

Moral and Religious.

There is no virtue more acceptable to God, and in practice, more conducive to human happiness, than resignation to the divine will. He, who presumes to question the wisdom, the goodness, and the paternal solicitude for the felicity of man, of the SUPREME BEING, is worthy of the most severe punishment. That wisdom, which is displayed in the economy of the vast system of creation—that goodness, which every page in the volume of nature exhibits in language the most forcible and endearing—that paternal solicitude which the scheme of redemption and pardon so gloriously illustrates, should silence every murmur when we are chastised for the most benevolent purposes, and corrected that we may be more worthy of those unfading joys for which we are ultimately designed. This globe was not constructed for the eternal abode of an immortal soul. We should view all its comforts and all its perplexities as equally short-lived and transitory. He who uses the good things of this world without abusing them; whom prosperity cannot elate; who puts a just value upon what he possesses, and is already to resign the blessing which he is favoured with, into the hands of him by whom they were bestowed, when the requisition is made, is an object of divine complacency, and will surely receive an abundant reward. Resignation can alleviate the distresses of this life, calm its varied troubles, pour a ray of comfort to enliven the vale of tears through which our pilgrimage must be made, and cheer, with consoling expectations, the gloom that lowers over the pillow of death. Who then would have the hardiness to doubt the justice of the dispensations of Providence, or arraign Omniscience at the tribunal of human presumption.

EXTRACTS.

"The zeal of many persons is fiery, because their temper is so; and their charity is cold because it is an expensive propensity to keep warm."

"People are apt to bring themselves to believe, that their sympathy with the suffering is an atonement for their not relieving it. They endeavour to pacify their conscience by their regrets."

"The time which is redeemed from what is wrong is of little value, if not dedicated to what is right, and it is not enough that the doctrines of the Gospel furnish a subject for discourse, if they do not furnish a principle of action."

"We do not say that all the actions even of a religious man, will exemplify the purity of his profession, and illustrate the sublimity of his conceptions. Something must be conceded to the weakness of humanity, to the force of conflicting passions, to the remains of inbred corruption, to momentary forgetfulness of the awful presence of God, to occasional deviations from the narrow path, which though it is always the path of safety, is often that of suffering. But the blighted or unsound fruit which may sometimes be found even on the stoutest and most vigorous tree, bears but a small proportion to that which is healthy as the stock from which it springs, which adorns its parent stem with the beauty of its hues, and enriches them with the deliciousness of its flavour."

"Those who have resources within themselves, who can dare to live alone, want friends the least, but at the same time know how to prize them the most. But no company is far preferable to bad, because we are more apt to catch the vices of others than their virtues, as disease is far more contagious than health."

COQUETRY stands next to the want of chastity in the scale of female vices—it is in fact, a kind of mental prostitution—it is ruinous to all that delicacy of feeling which gives added lustre to female charms—it is almost destructive to modesty itself. A woman who has been addicted to its practice may strive long, and in vain to regain that singleness of heart which can bind her up so closely in her husband and children as to make her a good wife, or a good mother; and if it should have degenerated into habit, it may lead to the awful result of infidelity to her marriage vows. It is in vain for a coquette to pretend to religion—its practice involves hypocrisy, falsehood and deception—every thing that is mean—every thing that is debasing—in short, as it is bottomed on selfishness and pride, where it has once possessed the mind, it will only yield to the truth-inspiring banners of the Cross—this, and this only, can remove the evil; for without it, she whom the charms of youth and beauty have enabled to act the coquette, will descend into the vale of life altered, it is true, but not amended—as she will find the whole world with its allurements cling around her parting years a vain regret for days that are flown and mercenary views for her descendants.

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THE RAID OF CILLECHRIST.

Bordering clans like surrounding nations, were never upon terms of hereditary concord; vicinity produces war: for this reason the Mac Donells and the Mac Kenzies were never long without some act of hostility or feud; firing houses, driving herds, raising rents, and slaughtering each other's clansmen, were feats of recreation which each was equally willing to exercise upon his neighbour; and if either was more deficient than the other, it was more from want of opportunity, than lack of good will. Among all the exploits which were thus occasioned between the two clans none was more celebrated, nor more fearful than the burning of the Cillechrist (Christ's Church;) it gave occasion and name to the pibroch of the Glengarrie family and was provoked and performed in the following manner.

In the course of a long succession of fierce and sanguinary conflicts, of the Mac Lelans, a race who were followers of the Mac Kenzies, took occasion to intercept, and assassinate the eldest son of Donald Mac Angus of Glengarrie. Donald died shortly after, and his second son, who succeeded to the chieftancy of the clan, was too young to undertake the conduct of any enterprise to revenge the death of his brother: his cousin, however, Angus Mac Raonuill of Lundi, acted as his captain, and gathering the Mac Donells, in two separate raids swept off the rents from the greater part of Lord Seaforth's country. Still, this revenge seemed to him too poor an expiation for the blood of his chief: the warm life of the best of his foemen was the only sacrifice which he thought he could offer as an acceptable oblation to appease the manes of the murdered; and he, therefore, projected a third expedition, resolving in this to fill the measure of vengeance to the brim. In the prosecution of his design he awaited a favourable opportunity, and gathering a small band of men, penetrated into the country of the Mac Kenzies, early on a Sunday morning, and surrounded the Cillechrist, while a numerous congregation were assembled within its walls. Inexorable in his purposes, Angus commanded his men to set fire to the building, and slaughter all who endeavoured to break forth. Struck with despair when the flames rushed in upon the aisle of the church, and they beheld the circle of bare claymores glancing beyond the door, the congregation, scarce knowing what they did, endeavored to force their way through the weapons and the flames; but, pent within the narrow pass of a single arch, they were not capable to make way over each other, far less to break the ring of broadswords which bristled round the porch—men women, and children, were driven back into the blazing pile or hewn down, and transfixed at the gorge of the entrance: the flames increased on every side, a heavy column of livid smoke rolled upwards on the air, and the roar of infuriated men, the wailing of suffering infants, and the shrieks of despairing women, rung from within the dissolving pile. While the church was burning, the piper of the Mac Donells marched round the building, playing as was customary on extraordinary occasions, an extempore piece of music: the pibroch which he now played was called, from the place where it was composed, Cillechrist, and afterwards became the pibroch of the Glengarrie family. At length the flames poured forth from every quarter of the building, the roof fell in, there was one mingled yell, one crash of ruin; the flame sunk in smouldering vapour, and all was silent. Angus had looked on with stern unrelenting determination, but the deed was done, and recollection now warned him of the danger of delay;—he immediately gave orders to retreat, and leading off his men, set off with the utmost expedition for his own country. The flames of the church had, however, lighted a beacon of alarm which blazed far and wide: the Mac Kenzies had gathered in numerous bodies, and took the chase with such vigor, that they came in sight of the Mac Donells long before they got to the border of their country. Angus Mac Raonuill seeing the determination of the pursuit and the superiority of its numbers, ordered his men to separate, and shift each for himself; they dispersed accordingly, and made every one his way to his own home as well as he could. The commander of the Mac Kenzies did not scatter his people, but, intent on securing the leader of his foemen, held them together on the track of Angus Mac Raonuill, who with a few of his men in his company fled towards Loch Ness. Angus always wore a scarlet plush jacket, and it now served to mark him out to the knowledge of the pursuers. Perceiving that the whole chase was drawn after himself, he separated his followers one by one, till at length he was left alone; but yet the pursuers turned not aside upon the track of any other. When they came near the burn of Ait Shian, the leader of the Mac Kenzies had gained so much on the object of his pursuit, that he had nearly overtaken him. The river which was before them runs in this place through a rocky chasm, or trough of immense depth, and considerable breadth: Angus knew that death was behind him, and gathering all his strength, he dashed at the desperate leap, and being a man of singular vigour and activity, succeeded in clearing it. The leader of the Mac Kenzies, reckless of danger in the ardour of the pursuit, followed also at the leap, but less athletic than his adversary, he failed of its length, and slipping on the side of the crag, held by the slender branch of a birch tree which grew above him on the brink. The Mac Donell, looking back in his flight to see the success of his pursuer, beheld him hanging to the tree, and struggling to gain the edge of the bank; he turned, and drawing his dirk, at one stroke severed the branch which supported the Mac Kenzie:—"I have left much behind me with you to day, (said he) take that also." The wretched man, rolling from rock to rock, fell headlong into the stream below, where shattered and mangled by the fall, he expired in the water. Angus Mac Raonuill continued his flight, and the Mac Kenzies, though bereft of their leader, held on the pursuit. Checked, however, by the stream which none of them dared to leap, Angus was gaining fast upon them, when a musquet discharged at him by one of the pursuers, wounded him severely, and greatly retarded his speed. After passing the river, the Mac Kenzies again drew hard after him, and as they came in sight of Loch Ness, Angus perceiving his strength to fail with his wound, and his enemies pressing upon him, determined to attempt swimming the loch: he rushed into the water, and for some time, refreshed by its coolness, swam with much vigour and confidence. His limbs would, however, in all probability have failed him before he had crossed the half of the distance to the opposite bank; but Fraser of Fyars, a particular friend of the Glengarrie family, seeing a single man pursued by a party out of the Mac Kenzies country, and knowing that the Mac Donells had gone upon an expedition in that direction, got out a boat, and hastening to the aid of Angus, took him on board and conveyed him in safety to the east side of the loch. The Mac Kenzies, seeing their foeman had escaped, discontinued the pursuit, and Angus returned at his leisure to Glengarrie.

FOREIGN ARTICLES.

SELECTIONS FROM LATE ENGLISH PAPERS.

A suit was lately brought in the British court of King's Bench, against an attorney of the name of Frowd, for having charged the plaintiff with the crime of conspiracy.—It appeared that the plaintiff had endeavored to obtain redress for the seduction of a respectable young woman, by the Duke of San Carlos, Spanish Ambassador. Frowd, the latter's attorney, to get rid of the plaintiff's importunities, had preferred a bill of indictment for conspiracy against him. The present suit was brought to bring the thing to issue, as Frowd was endeavoring to procrastinate the trial. The plaintiff was nonsuited by having made use of a *g* instead of a *j* in the name of Carvajal, which was the name assumed by the Duke to carry on his designs upon the young woman.

A natural phenomenon of rare occurrence in this climate, and attended by very singular circumstances, was recently observed at Mondesley, in Norfolk. During the sale of some wreck upon the beach, the attention of a person was drawn towards what he conceived to be a ship on fire, about a mile from the shore. He immediately pointed it out, but it was accounted for by the supposition that the appearance of smoke arose from the steam vessel passing from the north. An old Captain, however, decided that the rising column was a water spout. As they watched this interesting spectacle, on a sudden three new bathing machines, laid up for the winter in an opening in the cliff, through which a steam that turns a mill takes its course, were hurried into the air with inconceivable rapidity. Two of them took their direction towards a house over which they were forced by the hurricane, breaking in the roof and falling on the other side they were dashed to atoms. The third passed over the mill, which was also destroyed by its fall.

The Invisible Highwayman.—The following circumstances, the truth of which we have from the most indubitable authority, occurred on Thursday last. On that evening, Mr. Alexandre, whose powers of vocal illusion we noticed before, was engaged to display his abilities before a distinguished company of gentlemen, among whom was Earl Grosvenor, at the residence of George Wilbraham, Esq. of Delaware Lodge.—For this purpose, about dark, he took a chaise from the Royal Hotel, and proceeded on his way. Finding that the post boy did not make all the speed his appointment required, Mr. Alexandre had recourse to his curious art to quicken him on his way; and imitating the noise of the approach of horses, and throwing his voice first on one side of the road and then on the other, called out, "Coachman stop!" repeating the word several times. "I won't stop," replied the young man, casting his eyes on all sides, without seeing any body. The call being reiterated again and again, he unmercifully belaboured his horses in hopes of out-going his supposed pursuers; the voice now proceeded from behind; and anon as from under the carriage. At last the poor post boy descended from his station, and taking one of the lamps from its socket, he ventured to examine behind, around, and under the chaise, without discovering any visible appearance, when to increase his astonishment the voice still articulating the same summons, seemed to proceed from the roof. Petrified with fear and wonder, the affrighted post boy again mounted his vehicle, drove off with increased speed, and leaning towards the window of the chaise, cautioned Mr. Alexandre not to make a noise, as they were certainly pursued by highwaymen. On reaching the toll gate immediately before entering the forest, the young man communicated his apprehensions to the keeper, whom he charged to notice the men on horseback, whom he supposed to be behind, as they passed.

Mr. Alexandre still, however, continued the joke, placing his voice sometimes at a further and sometimes at a nearer distance, while the affrighted driver was almost in a state of distraction; till turning from the Norwich turnpike to the road which leads to Delamere Lodge he thought himself more secure, and began to encourage his fear that they were then out of danger. But alas! the shout of "Coachman stop! stop! we are still here," awakened and increased all his terror. Arriving at the gate leading immediately to the lodge, he made a shift to dismount and open it; and having passed it, he had greater reason than ever to suppose the robbers would not dare to follow, yet still the cry of "coachman, stop!" saluted his ears. His fortitude finally forsook him; his limbs shook; he declared that the devil was certainly about them; and begged Mr. Alexandre would not return that night to Chester, as he durst not drive him. Mr. Alexandre related the adventure to his companions on reaching the lodge, to their no small amusement. It was impossible to pacify the post boy, or persuade him of the hoax that had been practised upon him, until he was permitted to witness his performance, and then indeed, having demonstration of Mr. A's capabilities, he concluded to bring him home the same night.

Important Caution.—It has been stated in several papers, that Dr. Urwins recommends the Prussic Acid. (Acydum Hydrocyanicum,) as a cure for the tooth ache.—The method of application ought at the same time to have been also specified, as the Prussic acid is the deadliest and most powerful poison known, and we deem it necessary to caution our readers as to its use: in a concentrated state a single drop applied to the tongue would kill the strongest man in two minutes, and a few drops rubbed on the skin even, would prove fatal in the same period. Even in a diluted state of six or ten drops to three or four ounces of water, it ought to be used with the utmost caution, and, for the tooth ache, or any other malady, never without the advice and assistance of a skilful medical practitioner.

New Chemical Apparatus.—An apparatus has been invented at Glasgow, for the manufacture of any mineral water required to be charged with carbonic acid gas, which amounts, in fact, to the development of a power hitherto unknown, but equal to that of steam. This machine is described as having neither gasometer or air-pump, yet the strength of a boy is asserted to be capable of compressing into any vessel from thirty or forty atmospheres of gas in a few minutes; while to effect the same with a forcing-pump, would occupy the strength of several men as many hours. A machine equal in force to an engine of forty-horse power, and requiring neither fire nor water, would not occupy a space of more than four feet square. For many purposes it would be more applicable than steam, but by reason of the present price of sulphuric acid, greatly more expensive.

ONTWA.

A little poem has lately been published in New York, entitled ONTWA, which we have read with much interest. The story turns on the fate of a tribe of Indians who formerly resided on the shores of Lake Erie, and who, nearly two hundred years ago, were totally exterminated by the Iroquois. As conveying a lively and faithful picture of Indian customs, habits, and pursuits, this poem seems to possess much merit. The author tells us, in the language which Chateaubriand applied to Atala, that "it was written in the desert and under the huts of the savages." It contains some beautiful descriptions of natural scenery, and is not without passages conceived in the truest spirit of poetry. Its paucity of incidents is its chief defect, but this is evidently to be attributed more to the nature of the subject than any want of invention in the poet.

FOR SALE,

BY C. P. WAYNE,

At the South-West corner of Fourth and Market streets, Philadelphia,

LOOKING GLASSES,

OF ALL KINDS,

BRASS Andirons, Shovels and Tongs, Knives and Forks, Candlesticks, Lamps, Teutanic Tea and Coffee Pots, Castors, Tea Trays, Waiters, Snuffers and Trays, Bellows, Pen Knives, Razors and Scissors, and a great many other articles for HOUSEKEEPERS, which will be sold cheap for CASH.

At the above Store may be had, an assortment of

DRY GOODS.

feb 9—6t

S. Page & C. P. Lisle,

BROKERS, SCRIVENERS AND ACCOUNTANTS, No. 8, South Fifth street. Persons having money to put out at interest, may be accommodated with a variety of property in the city or county—Also, bills, bonds, and notes of hand discounted at their office, where Real Estate of every description, Mortgages, Military Lands, Stock and Ground Rents, are bought and sold on Commission; Naturalization Papers for Aliens drawn; Pensions secured; Mechanics' Books posted; Insolvents' Petitions drawn, and their business attended to throughout; Writings of all kinds correctly executed; Money always to be had on good security; and generally in the performance of all duties or services, wherein the aid of an agent or attorney, may be convenient or useful.

N. B. A Register of Real Estate, &c. kept open for inspection and insertion. Twenty five cents charge for an entry. Jan. 12—6m

WM. WALLACE,

No. 22 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

Has Received of the late Arrivals,

TEN cases of LEGHORN, containing an assortment of Mens', Womens' and Childrens' Hats and Bonnets, which will be sold by the case, dozen or otherwise, as low as they can be bought in the city.

ALSO,

Fashionable Winter Bonnets, White Chip and American Straw do. Feathers, Flowers, Ribbands, Trimmings, &c.

1 case super. black and colored Bombazeens,
1 do. Elegant Merino Shawls and Scarfs,
3 do. Nankin and Canton Crapes,
1 do. new stile Merino pattern Furniture Chintz,
Irish Linens, Sheetings, and Diapers,

An assortment of French and India Silks, Lace Veils, Shawls, &c.

4-4 Ingrain Carpeting, 4-4 English Ingrain Hemp do. a new and superior article.

With a variety of other articles in the Dry Goods and Milinary line. dec 22—tf

Money to Loan on Mortgage.

SEVERAL Sums of different amounts, from one thousand to fifty thousand Dollars, to Loan on approved security in the City or County of Philadelphia. Apply to ISAAC ELLIOTT, No. 82 Chesnut street. feb 2—tf

DAVID EVANS,

OF the late firm of David and Joseph Evans, has Opened a Commission MOROCCO and LEATHER STORE, *No. 27 Chesnut street*, between Second and Front streets, Philadelphia, where he will sell all kinds of Leather on Commission for Country Tanners and others, and always keeps a general assortment of Morocco, of various colours, on hand—he likewise purchases Spanish Hides and Tanners Oil for those who may want. A large assortment of GOAT SKINS is expected shortly, on consignment.

Being brought up to the Tanning and Currying he considers himself a judge of Leather and Hides. He will also receive SHOES to sell on Commission. ☞ *All which will be attended to with fidelity.* feb 2—tf

MAHOGANY.

JOHN JAMES, jun. Cabinet, Chair and Venitian Blind Maker, *No. 28 North Fifth street*, a few doors above the sign of the White Horse, and next door to the sign of the Lamb, has for sale, MAHOGANY in Plank, Boards and Veneers. Also, COPAL, JAPAN and SPIRIT VARNISH, and GLUE.

N. B. Orders promptly executed on reasonable terms. 2 mo 2—tf

CHARLES M'ARTHUR,

Silk, Woollen, and Cotton Dyer, &c. &c.

CONTINUES at the old established stand, No. 31 UNION STREET—where all orders in his line will be punctually attended to.

☞ Cloth, Silk Dresses and Shawls, &c. dyed to any shade or pattern, at a short notice, and at very moderate prices. feb 2—tf

LEATHER STORE.

ABRAHAM WINNEMORE, at No. 55 PINE STREET, Philadelphia, has constantly on hand, an assortment of LEATHER, which he can dispose of as low, for cash or approved notes, as can be obtained in the city.

oct 20—5m

SPANISH HIDES.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale, at his establishment, No. 80 Chesnut street, Philadelphia, (the stand formerly occupied by James Molony,) a fresh and extensive supply of SPANISH HIDES, in fine order, and of an excellent quality, weighing from 15 to 31 lbs. which he will sell at fair prices, for cash or acceptances—and all kinds of Leather will be taken at the highest prices, in exchange for Hides DAVID COGGINS.

jan 19—tf

BENJAMIN RICHARDSON,

LATE from Sheffield, File Manufacturer and Cutler, No. 77 SOUTH SECOND STREET, has commenced manufacturing Files, Table Knives and Forks, Razors of the first quality, warranted for use, Scissors made to order or pattern. Cutlery, of every description, ground, polished and repaired in the best manner, and at the shortest notice. Blades, of the best cast steel, put in Penknife handles, and warranted good; Table knives and forks repaired, either with new blades or handles; Old Files re-cut and made as new.

oct 6—tf

Proposals for Publishing by Subscription,

H KAINH
Δ Ι Α Θ Η Κ Η.

THE NEW TESTAMENT, in Greek and English; the Greek according to Griesbach, the English upon the basis of the London fourth edition of the Improved Version—with an attempt to further improvement from the translations of Campbell, Wakefield, Scarlett, and Macknight.—By ABNER KNEELAND, Minister of the first Independent Church of Christ called Universalist, in Philadelphia.

☞ A *Prospectus*, exhibiting a specimen of the work, may be seen at No. 9 North Second street, and also at the principal Book stores in the city; where subscriptions for the *Greek and English Testament* will be received. jan 26—tf

VENETIAN BLINDS,

MADE, painted, and fitted up in the best possible manner, at the Columbian Shade Manufactory, No. 104, North Fifth Street, Philadelphia, cheap for cash, or in exchange for Merchandise. As the subscriber devotes the whole of his time to this business, he flatters himself that he can give better satisfaction to his employers than those who are involved in a labyrinth of professions.—Orders from any part of the country executed with [illegible] and despatch, by the public's faithful servant, JOHN YATMAN.

2—6m

PUBLIC SALES.

BY COMLY & TEVIS, Auc'rs.

No. 73 MARKET STREET.

DRY GOODS.

On Wednesday morning, at 9 o'clock, on a credit of 90 days, for approved notes,

A large assortment of fresh imported and seasonable DRY GOODS, in lots.

Also, a quantity of Domestic Sheetings, Shirtings, Cassinets, &c.

On Saturday morning, the 9th inst. at nine o'clock, will be sold, on a credit, in lots to suit purchasers,

An extensive assortment of DRY GOODS, suited to the season.

REMOVAL.

THE Subscriber respectfully informs his friends and the public, that he has removed from 33 Green Street, to No. 73, ARCH STREET, where he still continues to post and ballance Books and collect debts.

N. B. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Agreements, Apprentices Indentures, and all other writings drawn on moderate terms. JAMES STEER, Accountant and Collector, 73, Arch Street.

jan. 19—3w

SILVIERA & BROWNE,

WOOLLEN DRAPERS AND TAYLORS, No. 83 *South Second street*, most respectfully inform their friends and the public in general, they will furnish every article in their line of business on the most reasonable terms.

ON HAND,

A handsome assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, together with a variety of Ready made Pantaloons and Vests.

Also, a fine assortment of Tartan Plaid Cloaks, which will be disposed of very low for cash.

jan 5—tf

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

WHEREAS, JACOB STRAWN, of the Northern Liberties, Bricklayer, did on the 7th of the 12th mo. 1821, make an assignment to the Subscribers, of all his property for the benefit of his creditors generally—all persons having demands against the said Jacob Strawn, are requested to present the same, and those indebted to make immediate payment to either of the Assignees.

S. F. MOORE, No. 155 North Ninth street,
WM. JOHNS, Old York Road, No. 41,
dec 15—tf ASSIGNEES.

CHESNUT WARD HOTEL,

Back of No. 3 South Fourth Street.

JOHN CLULEY takes leave most respectfully to return his grateful thanks for the encouragement he has received in his recent establishment—and to inform his friends and the public, that they can be regularly supplied with A-LA-MODE BEEF SOUP, prepared in the very best manner, every day, (Sunday's excepted,) from 8 o'clock, A. M. to 3 P. M.—SALLADS, &c. &c.

☞ FAMILIES supplied.

Dinners and Suppers at the shortest notice.

N B J. C. has excellent rooms for the accommodation of Arbitrators, Clubs, Societies, &c.

nov 10—tf

Wholesale and Retail Brewery.

THE Subscriber informs his friends and the public, that they can be supplied with FRESH BEER and ALE, at the following prices, viz. from five gallons and upwards, at the rate of 18¾ cents per gallon—Table Beer at 6¼ cents per gallon, Yeast. &c. WM. STEVENS,

No. 64, corner of Gray's alley and Front street.

sept 15—tf

A. NICHOLLS, Saw-Maker,

No. 118 SOUTH FRONT STREET,

HAS lately commenced manufacturing SAWS of various descriptions, such as Cast steel and German Hand and Pannel Saws, Cast steel and German Iron-back Saws, Brass-back Saws, &c. Wood Saw Webs, Breaking, Turning and Chair Webs, Lock and Key-hole Saws, Circular Saws, &c. &c.

Circular Saws, with Spindle complete, got up in the neatest manner.

Cotton Gin Saws, made to any pattern or order.

All the above Saws, in point of temper and workmanship, is warranted superior to any imported, which will be sold, wholesale or retail, cheap for cash. Also, on hand, a Stock of MECHANICS TOOLS, in general. feb 2—tf

THE CELEBRATED

CEYLON TOOTH POWDER.

THE recipe for this excellent Dentifrice was sent by a gentleman in the East Indies to his friend in England, where it is universally used and highly approved, being a preventative of the TOOTH-ACHE. It purifies and sweetens the Breath; causes the Teeth to be a beautiful white; improves the enamel and strengthens the Gums. Very few have been known to have the Tooth-ache, or Rheumatism in the Gums, who have constantly used it. For sale by THOMAS S. ANNERS, Sole Agent for the proprietor, No. 141 Chesnut street.

A liberal discount made to those who buy to sell again. Also a choice assortment of PERFUMERY.

Jan. 12—6m

E. LOWBER,

DRUG and Colour Merchant, No. 144 NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia, respectfully offers to Country Merchants, Druggists, and Physicians, a general assortment of the various articles in the Drug Line, on reasonable terms, and at moderate prices. A very extensive assortment of Dye-stuffs, all the Dye-woods, in stick, chipped, and rasped, and the various Vegetable and Metallic Dyes, are constantly on hand. Orders from the Country and elsewhere, for any of the following as well as any other articles in his line, will receive prompt attention, and very special care will be paid to the quality of all goods sold.

4 tons Logwood,
2 do. Brasiletto,
4 do. Fustic,
8 do Nicaragua Wood,
50 hhds. Copperas,
2 do. Alum,
20 carboys Oil Vitriol,
50 do. Aqua fortis,
10 bls. ground Camwood,
2 hhds. Prime Madder,
1 hhd. Verdigris,
1 cask Cudbear,
20 bbls. Manganese,
2 hhds. Sumach,
1 box & 1 seroon Indigo,
50 kegs London refined Saltpetre,
500 gallons of Galipoli Olive Oil,
500 gallons Sperm. Oil
50 lbs. Saffron,
50 do. Cochineal,
2000 gallons Linseed Oil,
25 casks of Dry London White Lead,
10 do. Spanish Brown,
5 casks Venitian Red,
10 hhds. Spanish Brown,
500 kegs White Lead, in oil,
10 hhds. Whiting,
5 cases Chinese Vermillion,
500 gallons Spirits Turpentine,
100 boxes Window glass

IN THE DRUG LINE,

Opium, Camphor,
Pulv. Jalop, Rhubarb,
Pinkroot, Calomel,
Tartar Emetic,
Crem. Tartar,
Rochelle Salts,
Epsom Salts,
Glauber Salts,
Red and Yellow Peruvian Barks,
Antimony, Arsenic,
Magnesia, Hellebore,
Cassia, Cloves,
Nutmegs, &c. &c. &c.

sept 8—tf

JOB PRINTING

BANK Checks,
Prices Current,
Catalogues,
Circular Letters,
Lottery Tickets,
Law Blanks,
Commercial Blanks,
Policies of Insurance,
Bills of Lading,
Lottery Bills,
Cards, and Hand Bills of every description,

Neatly executed at a short notice, on very reasonable terms.

Atkinson & Alexander,
No 53 Market street.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

"THE ARCHITECTURAL INSTITUTE OF PHILADELPHIA."

Hearing that a number of young men have recently associated under this title, for the purpose of promoting a more general knowledge of the principles of Architecture; and, deeming their object meritorious, I am induced to address them in the language of encouragement. It must be admitted, that industry, and a proper employment of time, should claim the attention of all; for unless there is sufficient activity to bring into operation, the genius and abilities bestowed upon mankind, they can avail nothing. Society has a powerful influence in the human breast, to aid this active principle; it is here the mind feels the necessity, and appreciates the value of knowledge; therefore, it is reasonable to anticipate much benefit from such a union—a union honourable to you as men, and valuable as artisans; it will perfect you in that very employment from which you have your support, and give you advantages that will make it easy and satisfactory to you.

Your native city has already been styled "The Athens of America"—may we not hope, that her fame will increase, and that ages yet unborn will gaze with wonder and applause, on the beauty and magnificence of her accumulating structures.

R. C.

From the National Intelligencer.

POSTSCRIPT.

Monday Night, 11 o'clock. Ten minutes ago, Mr. PINKNEY breathed his last.—After a course of the most acute suffering, he expired without a groan. Thus has departed, at an age when he might have rationally looked forward to many years yet of activity and usefulness, the Patriot, the Statesman, the transcendant Advocate, and one who may be ranked among the extraordinary men that have shed a lustre on their country, and adorned the world. He was taken suddenly ill, a week ago, in the night succeeding great exertions in arguing a cause in the Supreme Court.

Upon the announcement of the death of Mr. PINKNEY, in the House of Representatives in Congress, Mr. Randolph—who never stood second in point of eloquence to any *other* man than him whom he has so eloquently eulogized—offered the following powerful, feeling and effective remarks:

I rise to announce to the House, the not un-looked for death of a man who filled the first place in the public estimation, in the first profession in that estimation, in this or in any other country. We have been talking of General Jackson, and a greater than him is, not here, but gone forever! I allude, Sir, to the boast of Maryland, and the pride of the United States—the pride of all of us—but particularly the pride and ornament of the profession of which you, Mr. Speaker, are a member, and an eminent one. He was a man with whom I lived, when a member of this House, and a new one too—and ever since he left it for the other—I speak it with pride—in habits not merely negatively friendly, but of kindness and cordiality. The last time that I saw him was on Saturday—the last Saturday but one—in the pride of life, and full possession of all his faculties, in that lobby. He is now gone to his account, (for as the tree falls, so it must lie,) where we must all go, and by the same road too, the course of nature—and where all of us, put off the evil day as long as we may, must also soon go. For what is the past but as a span, and which of us can look forward to as many years as we have lived? The last act of intercourse between us was an act, the recollection of which I would not be without, for all the offices that all the men of the United States have filled, or ever shall fill. He had indeed his faults—foibles, I should rather say; and, Sir, who is without them? Let such, and such only, cast the first stone. And these foibles, faults if you will, which every body could see, because every body is clear sighted in regard to the faults and foibles of others—he, I have no doubt, would have been the first to acknowledge, on a proper representation of them. Every thing now is hidden to us—not, God forbid! that utter darkness rests upon the grave, which hideous as it is, is lighted, cheered and warmed by fire from Heaven—not the impious fire fabled to be stolen from Heaven by the heathen, but by the spirit of the living God, whom we all profess to worship, and whom I hope we shall spend the remainder of this day in worshipping, not with mouth-honour, but in our hearts; in spirit and in truth—that it may not be said of us, also, "This people draweth nigh unto me with their lips, but their heart is far from me." Yes it is just so. He is gone. I will not say that our loss is irreparable; because such a man as *has* existed may exist again. There *has been* a Homer; there has been a Shakspeare; there has been a Milton; there has been a Newton. There *may* then be another PINKNEY; but there is now none. And it was to announce this event I have risen. I am, said Mr. R. almost inclined to believe in presentiments. I have been *all* along as well assured of the fatal termination of that disease with which he was affected, as I am now. And I have dragged my weary limbs before sunrise to the door of his sick chamber, (for I would not intrude upon the sacred sorrows of his family,) almost every morning since his illness. From the first I had almost no hope. I move you, sir, that this House do now adjourn.

[When Mr. R concluded, the question was taken on adjournment, and carried, nem. con.]

ACCIDENT.—On Thursday week, while the Mail Stage was passing over the bridge at Durham, (Mass.) it gave way, and precipitated the stage, horses and driver, together with three passengers, into the river. Two of the passengers perished—the two leading horses were saved.—The stage was stove to pieces. The Mail Bag was in the water two hours. The distance from the bridge to the water is about 15 feet.

From the Salem Register of Feb. 26.

An examination of an extraordinary nature took place at the Court House in this town, on Tuesday last, before Justice Tucker. Five persons of the Quaker denomination, belonging to Lynn, were arraigned before the Justice, charged with riotous and disorderly conduct on the preceding Sabbath, at the Quaker House of worship, in Lynn. It appeared, that some of the persons thus charged, had, in consequence of circumstances connected with a schism, which, we regret to learn, has for some time prevailed among the Friends, (with the nature of which we are not fully acquainted) been read out, or dismissed from the Society; that notwithstanding this, they continued to attend the meeting, and to take the seats appropriated for the elders and speakers, contrary to the regulations of the Society. On the last Sabbath three or four of them entered the *high seats*, were ordered to leave them, and on their refusing, were actually taken by force and carried out of the House. It also appeared, that one of the persons charged, an elderly, sedate and respectable looking quaker, *actually entered the House of worship with a sword hanging at his side!* He also was put out of the house, but did not attempt to make use of this deadly weapon. These are some of the principal facts of the case, and it would be improper to say more till their trial takes place, next month, before the Court of Common Pleas at Ipswich, for their appearance at which, they were ordered to enter into recognizance. The defendants, declining to give bonds, have all been committed to the jail in this town, to await their trial.

FROM THE SPANISH MAINE.

The schr. M'Donough, Capt. Augur, arrived in 16 days from Curracoa, brings papers to 10th of February:

Accounts from Porto Cavello, state that La Torre had returned there with about 50 cavalry, as an escort, having left at Tocuyo from 1000 to 1200 men, which he intended immediately to reinforce with a part of the garrison of Porto Cavello, and with the whole, endeavor to penetrate into the interior, and make a diversion in favor of the Spanish cause.

The Spanish brig of war Hercules, and armed schr. Morillo, were off Curacoa, 7th inst. and sailed to the windward.

Letters from La Guayra, of the 14th of Jan. received there state, that the object of the British sloop of war Falmouth, calling at Puerto Cabello, was to notify the commandant that the British admiral would not admit of any port on the main, in the possession of the Columbians, being considered in a state of blockade, unless there were two men of war stationed off such port to enforce the same; and Spanish privateers capturing any English vessels in violation of this notice, would be declared pirates, and dealt with accordingly.

A letter from La Guayra, dated the 30th of Jan. says—"A French man of war schr. arrived here on the 28th, having an envoy on board for the purpose of making *some commercial arrangements* with this government, and to intimate that the Columbian flag will be admitted into all the ports of France, and her colonies. A salute was fired from the schr. on coming to anchor, which was returned by the batteries." The above intelligence will require confirmation.

CURACOA, Feb. 9.

The two Spanish vessels which were lately cut out of Carraccas Bay, have contrary to expectation been sold at Laguira.

Business is very dull, both at Carraccas and Laguira. At the former place the government has ordered the male population, from 10 to 50 years of age, to take up arms in defence of the country.

NORFOLK, Feb. 22.

Arrival of the Hornet.—Anchored in Hampton Roads yesterday morning about 7 o'clock, the United States' ship Hornet, Robert Henley, Esq. commander, from Pensacola, and last from Havanna, eleven days from the latter—Sailed from Havanna in company with 22 sail of vessels under convoy, twenty of which were American and two foreign, bound to different ports of the United States. They parted company with the Hornet at different times, after getting clear of the coast of Cuba.—Gen. Bernard, Col. Tottin, Capt. Pouissin, and Lieut. Tuttle, of the Engineer Corps, and Capt. Jesse D. Elliot, of the U. States Navy, passengers in the Hornet, came up to town last night, in the Steam Boat Hampton.

Captain H. states that Havanna was in a complete state of anarchy, the people being divided into several parties, and the nominal governor perfectly subservient to the popular whim; that piracy and pirates were openly countenanced and abetted, and their depredations on American commerce spoken of as a matter of congratulation. The officers of the Hornet were treated with civility, however.

The slave trade was carried on with great activity among the Islands.

We sincerely hope that government will send immediately into these seas such a force as will change the tone of these miscreants. A better field for the enterprize of our young officers cannot well be imagined.

Chester, (Pa.) Feb. 26.—Great damage has been occasioned in this and some of the adjoining counties, by the late freshet. Chester Creek rose to an unusual height, and the injury caused thereby is immense. On Friday morning, the Bridge which was situated over the Schuylkill, at Gray's ferry, was observed floating down the Delaware, opposite this borough, with two men upon it.

ROBBERIES.—We are informed that the store of Mrs. Eliza Wright, in Ridley, Delaware county, was broken open and robbed of several articles of goods, by two or three desperadoes, on Saturday night, the 16th inst. On the same night, the house of the Rev. Dr. Bartine, in Darby, was also robbed. [*Post Boy.*

SINGULAR CASE.

Some time in September last, a daughter of sheriff Walton, of Coopertown, (N. Y.) aged eight or nine years, while amusing herself with a piece of tin, an inch and a quarter in diameter, by actual admeasurement, got it into her throat—a surgeon was immediately called, who, finding extraction inconvenient, pushed it into her throat, where it remained until two weeks since, at times causing severe pain and extreme difficulty of respiration, when by an effort almost destructive of life, the child protruded it into her throat, and with her own fingers extracted it. Strange as it may seem, although laying in the stomach five months there was no corrosion visible, and the only difference in the appearance of the tin from its pristine state, was a partial discoloration.

MIRROR OF LIFE.

TO SHEW THE VERY AGE AND BODY OF THE TIMES, ITS FORM AND PRESSURE.

The Schuylkill Falls Bridge drifted dow the Schuylkill into the Delaware, and ha been found twenty-five miles below th city.

Peale's "Court of Death" was exhibit for two days at Charleston, S. C. for th benefit of the Philadelphia Orphan Asylum, and produced 101 dollars 50 cents in aid of the charity.

In an affray on Monday night, in Southwark, two Sailors were so severely stab bed by some Spaniards, that one of them has since died. Four of the culprits are now in custody.

Thomas B. Dorsey has been appointed Attorney General of the state of Maryland, vice Luther Martin.

The Legislature of Massachusetts has postponed indefinitely the bill for the incorporation of the *city* of Boston.

The Senate of New York have passed the Fulton Bank Bill, in committee of the whole. They have required a bonus of $30,000, to be appropriated to the Canal Fund.

It is stated in the Columbia Telescope, that some disturbances have taken place in the South Carolina College; in consequence, more than two-thirds of the Junior Class were suspended until the meeting of the trustees in April next.

Six or seven seamen, who had long been in confinement at Richmond, on a charge of piracy, have recently been discharged by order of the President of the United States.

A man named John Wadleigh was lately killed at Exeter, N. H. He was supposed to have been murdered by a fellow called John Blaisdell, who was pursued and arrested.

There were great rejoicings at Carthagena on the 9th of July, on account of the capture of Panama and Porto Bello. On this occasion the troops marched in procession to the tune of "HAIL COLUMBIA."

Mary, a child of Col. Cyrus Bosworth, of Warren, (Ohio,) was burnt to death about a fortnight since, in consequence of her clothes taking fire.

A Mr. Guy Harris, of Jefferson county, (N. Y.) returning from Albany, where he had been with a load, was attacked on Sunday night of last week, about four miles of Schenectady, by four negroes, and severely bruised. They are now in gaol.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.—The dwelling house of Mr. John Litchfield, in Scituate, (Mass.) was consumed by fire early on Sunday morning, the 17th ult. and awful to relate, Mr. Litchfield and wife, (the former 70 years of age, and the latter 88,) perished in the conflagration! Mrs. Powers, who lived with this aged couple, in the capacity of house-keeper, had a narrow escape from the flames.

Dr. Hall, of Lebanon, in attempting to cross the bridge at Hudson, on horse back, while it was overflowed by the late freshet, was swept off and drowned.

The ship Pacific, Capt. Moore, has arrived at Calcutta via Madras, in four months from Philadelphia, all well.

There is something mysterious about the fire of General Van Rensselaer's house, near Albany. The damage, after all, is but a few hundred dollars. Contradictory rumours are afloat; no persons arrested or suspected of the act.—*N. Y. Nat. Adv.*

U. S. SHIP FRANKLIN.

We learn by the ship Hope, from Monte Video, arrived at New-York, that the U. S. ship Franklin, Com. Stewart, and schr. Dolphin, Capt. Conner, arrived at Rio de Janeiro the latter end of November, all well.

Shortly after coming to anchor, capt. Stewart, during the heavy rain, went on shore, and paid his respects to the public authorities, and the next day there was an interchange of salutes.—It was not known when the Franklin would proceed round Cape Horn.

There was no political news at Montevideo, and the last accounts from Lima (to September 21) represented all as quiet in that quarter.

Captain Pratt from Matanzas, informs, that a few days before he left, a piratical schr. of 30 or 40 tons two brass pieces, and 15 men, had been surprised and captured three leagues to leeward of that place by troops dispatched for the purpose; the captain and three men killed, and four taken prisoners.—She was known to belong to Havana. The pirates were very numerous in the neighborhood of Mantanzas; and almost every vessel that arrived or sailed was robbed, and the crew and passengers beaten.

FIRES.—On Sunday last, a small building belonging to James W. Carpenter, at Goshen, was destroyed by fire.

On the 9th inst. the dwelling house of widow Hicks, of Galway, Saratoga county, was burnt, together with the principal part of the furniture.

The wire manufactory at Lee, (Mass) owned by Thatcher & Bassit, was burnt down on Tuesday, week. Loss estimated at $3000.

On the 12th inst. the house of Mr. Nathan Spooner, at Brutus, was destroyed by fire, together with all their furniture, provisions, &c. but what is still more distressing, Mr. Spooner lost two of his children, boys, one four the other six years of age. The parents had put the little boys to bed, and took their youngest child with them, to visit a neighbor a short distance, and returned only to see their dwelling in flames, and learn the fate of their children.

[*New-York Commercial Advertiser.*

FROM HAVANA.

A private letter, dated 9th Feb. on which reliance may be placed, says—"The authorities here have just come to the determination of making this a place of deposit." Hitherto the produce of other countries, when once entered at Havana, was compelled to pay the duties, but under the present regulation, if carried into full effect, the already great trade of Havana, will be much increased; and the Island of Jamaica, the Bahamas, &c. will henceforth probably receive their principal supplies through that medium.

The Evening Post.

PHILADELPHIA.

Saturday, March 2, 1822.

MR. PINKNEY.

Eulogium is often mistaken for false praise—animated descriptions of men's virtues, for uncandid commendations—and favourable biography for a tribute, flowing from an effervescence of friendly feeling: But when, by the dispensation of Providence, a **Man** is taken from among us, whose countrymen have been taught for years, and commanded by the force of his great forensic genius, to look at with astonishment, and to offer to him the whole homage of their admiration, we need present no apology for occupying any part of our columns with extracts from the honourable commendations uttered in the houses of Congress upon the talents, the great worth, and the diplomatic skill of **William Pinkney.** Our regrets for his demise we know full well are unavailing—but we cannot refrain from the utterance of them.

Extract of a letter to the Editors, dated
Wilmington, (D.) Feb. 26.

"Our Legislature have incorporated a manufacturing company, to be called the Mill Seat Manufacturing Company, located on the Brandywine. The company will have a capital of $150,000. It is a small beginning, but I think it the more certain of success—The Brandywine is a noble and well watered stream for this business, and will, no doubt, at some future period be a source of wealth to this state, and perhaps to the union.

We have had a terrible freshet in our streams—almost every bridge for many miles round this place, has been carried away by the overwhelming tide—incalculable damage has been done on the Brandywine—the southern abutment of the bridge was beaten down by the drifting timber and ice—the bridge fell and was swept against Mr. Shipley's mill, which carried away almost the whole of one side; the bridge was entirely swept away, together with a person of the name of Dutton, who was on it at the time, his body has since been found on the marshes about two miles below the town. Mr. J. Gilpin has been the greatest sufferer that we have yet heard of. We have to lament the loss of a great deal of machinery that he had employed in the process of paper making, together with his rag-house and many valuable articles that were in it. His loss he estimates at $15,000, erroneously stated in some of our public prints 4,500. Every factory on the Creek has sustained more or less damage—the mill races have been swept away in many places, and many of the flour mills stand idle for want of water. The bridge at Wilmington is the only one that stood the shock—it received but trifling injury, being protected by a bend in the Creek which caused the ice to shoot over to the shore and thereby breaking its force."

A Hog was butchered last week, by William Ball, at Mount Ephraim, Gloucester county, N. J. which, after being dressed, weighed 858 lbs. It was exposed for sale in the Jersey Market, on Thursday last.

After an embargo of nearly two months, it must afford satisfaction to all classes of the community that the Delaware again glides majestically on its course—having burst the fetters which so long held her in thraldom. The sails are set, and the full canvas now bears the richly freighted vessel on her destination. Trade begins to brighten—our wharves once more resound with the noisy hum of business.

A fire of a very calamitous character, broke out on Thursday evening last, at the stables of Mr. John Carter, in Prune street, between Fourth and Fifth, at about eight or nine o'clock. The buildings were very materially injured—and the damage sustained, as we are told, was of some consequence. Of the cause we have heard nothing—but it is conjectured to have originated in design.

We understand that the police officers, have discovered a considerable quantity of plate, which was concealed under ground near one of the haunts of our famous *Forty Thieves.*

It is stated, in a letter from Harrisburg, written on Wednesday last, "that a bill to establish a LOAN OFFICE was this morning reported in the Senate of this State."

The Pensacola Floridian states, that from 12 to 15 per cent interest is paid for money, and mentions one money lender who has his whole capital in constant requisition at 18 per cent per annum.

An efficient naval force we learn, is directed by the Navy Department to suppress piracy near the West India Islands and Gulph of Mexico. Five vessels having on board a detachment of marines, are ordered on this duty forthwith.

BARBER OF SEVILLE.

The active vigour and unabated avidity with which Mr. Philipps pursues his professional business, and acquits himself of his professional duties, excites and receives the admiration of the entire public. The style in which he has produced the Opera of the **Barber of Seville,** reflects a lustre upon his talents, the brightness of which can never be diminished.—This opera was brought out last night with great effect; the songs, particularly those by Mr. P. were constantly encored, and the repetition of them followed by applauses, which, though we dislike extravagance, we are justified in saying were as enthusiastic as they were reiterated. The Finale to the first act of the Opera was a specimen of the great extent to which the musical art may be carried, and of the extreme beauty of its most intricate constructions. We contemplate a second gratification on Monday—In our next we shall be a little more profuse in the description of the piece.

By advertisements in the New York papers, it appears that all the property, real and personal, of the Vice President of the United States, has been assigned over for the benefit of his creditors, and the large and elegant mansion house, now occupied by him in person, on Staten Island, is offered to be rented from the 1st of April next, together with a spacious barn, stables, coach house, and other out houses, with extensive gardens, and about 300 acres of excellent land.

A bold attempt to escape was made by the criminals confined in the jail of this town on Wednesday evening last. About sundown, the turnkey, who had carried them some water, was seized by the throat by one of them, while another rummaged about for a razor to despatch him; but not succeeding, they left him helpless on the floor, opened the doors of the cells with the aid of the keys, and made a rush down the stairs; the jailor's wife, hearing the disturbance, closed the lower door, and immediately called assistance. The Sheriff soon attended, and by his resolute bearing, conquered the rebellious and murderous spirit of the ringleaders, who were compelled to march forth from the cell in which they had congregated, plotting destruction, and submit to be ironed. The turnkey, we are happy to say, is not materially injured.—There is a larger number of criminals at present in confinement than at any former period.—*Prov. Pat.*

Baltimore, Feb. 27.

A coroner's inquest was held by Lambert Thomas, Esq. on Monday last, over the body of John Cannon, in a house on Stillhouse street. He was represented to be a young man of steady habits—by trade a baker. It appears that he had formerly boarded in the house, and was in the habit of visiting there as a friendly acquaintance. On the morning of Monday he came in in his usual manner, and after sitting for some time below in conversation with the woman of the house, went up stairs as was his frequent habit, and as she supposed, to lie down. In a few minutes he put a period to his existence by placing a musket under his chin, and discharging the whole load through his throat—it passed out at the back of his neck and mangled him most shockingly.

M. Le Barren, the person that built the Pottstown bridge, has made a contract for digging two miles and three quarters of the most difficult part of the Union Canal. We understand he is to receive 15 cents for every yard in good digging, and 75 cents, in rocks. This part of the canal it is expected will amount to about $36,000. The Engineer of the Union Canal, calculates that these two miles and three quarters will cost the company about $50,000.
[*Pottstown Times.*

French Criminal Jurisprudence.—The following is a statement of the number of persons brought before the Courts of Justice of the Kingdom of France during five years:—

1816—Persons tried, 9890; of 3414 were condemned to death; to hard labour or confinement, 6307; and 3083 were acquitted.

1817—Persons tried, 14116; of whom 558 were condemned to death; to hard labour or confinement, 9431; and 1715 were acquitted.

1818—Persons tried, 2722; of whom 324 were sentenced to death; to hard labour or confinement, 6712; and 3810 were acquitted.

1819—Persons tried, 8202, of whom 311 were condemned to death; to hard labour or confinement, 5476; and 2726 were acquitted.

1820—Persons tried, 8011; of whom 304 were condemned to death; to hard labour or confinement, 5202; and 2609 were acquitted.

Counterfeiters.—Mr. S. H. P. Lee, of New London, has at length discovered the daring gang of 62 persons who have counterfeited his "*Patent New London Bilious Pills.*" In uttering of base coin, or forging of notes, there are some tangible marks which may lead to detection; but Mr. Lee does not inform the public of what materials the genuine and spurious pills are composed, so that the fraud may be detected. "Rhubarb is rhubarb," quoth Dr. Ollapod; and a pill is a pill, when applied for the same purpose; therefore, we must know the "effect effective" of these counterfeit pills, before legal punishment can be inflicted. How would it answer to compel this daring gang of counterfeiters to swallow a box of the *genuine* pills as a punishment?

Bellows Falls, (Vert.) Feb. 25.

On Thursday last, we had a heavy shower of rain, attended with lightning as vivid, and thunder as loud, as we have ever witnessed in the month of July.

Washington, Feb. 28.

The funeral of the late William Pinkney took place yesterday, from the Capitol, agreeably to the arrangements adopted by the Committee of the Senate.

At 10 o'clock, the committee of arrangement, Pall-bearers, and Mourners, attended at Brown's Hotel, the late lodgings of the deceased, and the corpse was removed, in charge of the Committee of Arrangements, attended by the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate, to the Senate Chamber. The House of Representatives entered the Chamber, preceded by its officers; the members of the Executive branch of the Government; the Judges of the Supreme Court; the Foreign Ministers, and as many citizens as could obtain admission on the floor or in the galleries, also attended, where Divine Service was performed by the Rev. Mr. Ryland, Chaplain of the Senate.

At 11 o'clock the funeral moved from the Senate Chamber to the place of interment.

The Pall Bearers were, Messrs. Lowrie, Dickerson, R. M. Johnson, James Brown, Otis, and Elliot, of the Senate.

From the province of Texas our latest accounts are, that Gen. Long, who fell by a mistake into the hands of the Republicans, supposing that he was assaulting a Royalist party has been not only released with his fifty men, but taken into the Patriot service, with pay, rank, and emoluments. So that he was not in the Patriot service before, having got there by being taken prisoner by them. The privates are to receive a dollar per day each in their new employ. They are lucky men, indeed, to escape at the same time from captivity and starvation. The reader cannot but remark when their numbers are fairly told, what exaggerated accounts have been given of the formidable force of the army of Gen. Long, at no time more respectable, in number at least, than Falstaff's famous company.

Huntingdon, L. I. Feb. 25.

On Thursday we had one of the greatest floods ever known here. All the Mill dams at Smithtown have been carried away, also the mill dams at Cold Spring. A house about 8 miles from here was carried 6 feet from its foundation. In a number of places on the turnpike, the water was from 4 to 6 feet deep.

Curiosities.—The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser contains the advertisement of a showman, who had forty wax figures to exhibit; and the list of them indicates many singularities in the distribution of modern Fame. Among the figures of Kings, Generals and Statesmen are those of gypsies and misers, swindlers, murderers and fire-eaters, all mixed up together, with little respect for the marshal's truncheon, or the monarch's crown. Take the following for examples:

Alexander, Emperor of Russia.

Hortensia Howard, who married 17 husbands, and destroyed 16, by pouring melted lead into their ears while asleep.

Bouchier, the fortunate gamester, who won 20,000*l.* with a single loss of a shilling.

Duke of Wellington.

Madame Girardelli, the astonishing fire-eater, now performing at Paris. She puts boiling lead into her mouth, washes her hands in aquafortis, dances on red hot plates of iron, and passes red hot bars of iron over different parts of her body, without sustaining the least injury.

Louisa Morgan, who continued asleep 4 weeks and 3 days.

The renowned Baron Geramb a notorious imposter and swindler, who after remaining for a time in London, and obtaining unlimited credit, suddenly absconded with property to a large amount.

Lord Nelson.—Lady Nelson.

Lumley Kellingworth, Esq. a man noted for his cruelty to animals—it was proved that he caused two of his horses to be starved to death for some trivial fault, at which he had taken offence.

Daniel Dancer, a penurious miser, who was found dead in a sack, literally starved, although possessed of immense riches at the time.

DRAMATIC SUMMARY.

Walnut Street.—The Barber of Seville, a Comic opera, of great celebrity, translated from the Italian, with new music composed by Bishop, and with additions by Mr. Philipps, was produced last night with very distinguished success.

We derived great gratification from the performance of Miss Seymour in Belinda a few nights ago, and find by the manner in which she acquitted herself *last* night in *Rosina* (Barber of Seville) that her taste for the business of opera is in a very fine state of cultivation, the result of which will evidently be productive to her.

Prune Street.—The performances this evening, (a benefit night,) are Timour the Tartar, and Robinson Crusoe.

Mr. Bloxton, the husband of the lady of that name at the Walnut street theatre, made his second appearance upon any stage last evening at this Theatre. He gave very good promises of future success in this profession; and, with the necessary diligence of application may flatter himself hereafter to derive character from it. In honour of the occasion, on Monday, the 4th March, will be performed *The Battle of Bunker Hill,* a patriotic play which has heretofore received much approbation.

New-York.—The pageant of the Coronation of Henry the 5th, has been exhibiting at this house for several nights. It is announced to be temporarily laid aside to give place for other novelty.—*Rob Roy,* which seems to have been very attractive, appears to keep the stage.

Mr. West has opened his Circus, in this city, with his company of Dramatists and Equestrians.

Boston.—Mr. and Mrs. Barnes, for the first and only time, represented the characters of Mustapha and Morgiana in the Forty Thieves, which was got up, on Monday last, with "new and grand scenery." Mrs. Crowley's comedy of the Belles Stratagem preceded it.

Harrisburg.—On Monday, the 25th ult. at the Walnut street Theatre, was represented the tragedy of Pizarro, and the farce of Raising the Wind. This Theatre is constructed in the building recently occupied by the Legislature.

On Thursday the Comedy of The Will; or a School for Daughters was exhibited. We understand the Company will shortly repair to Lancaster, where the Theatre is in readiness for them.

Cincinnati.—This Theatre was to have been closed previous to the 12th inst. but in consequence of the arrival of Mr. Taylor, it was kept open one night. That gentleman performed Zanga in the Revenge, and La Fleur in Animal Magnetism.

Mrs. Drake, of this house, we perceive has had a difference with the Managers, and been refused the use of the Theatre, and by advertisement, gave an entertainment in conjunction with her husband, which she called Ways & Means; or an Actress's appeal to her friends.

The Louisiana Advertiser of the 9th inst. says—"We regret to learn, that the night before last, a serious accident befel Mr. Hilson, the comedian, and Mr. Graham, the manager of the Charleston Theatre. In attempting to go on board of the steam ship, they both fell from the stage which conducted to the vessel, and the leg of the former and the arm of the latter, were fractured."

Pinkney, the famous orator, is dead;
Of whose great eloquence, it may be said,
That he had triumph'd even over Death,
Had not the cruel tyrant stopp'd his breath.

PRICE CURRENT.

Wheat, - - -	125 a 130
Corn, - - - -	64 a 70
Rye, - - - -	75
Oats, - - - - -	36

Public Sale Report.

J. and W. LIPPINCOTTS & CO. Auctioneers.

From Feb. 25th to March 2d, 1822.

SUGAR—6 boxes White Havana,	14,40 cwt.
15 do. Brown do.	9,75 —
80 bbls. Muscovado, (10 bbls. 60 days)	$9,00 a 9,10 —
6 hhds. N. Orleans,	9,75 a 10,00 —
MOLASSES—4 do. Trinidad,	35 cts. gal.
3 bbls. Sugar House,	34 —
TEA—28 chests Y. Hyson,	81½ a 84 lb.
3 ½-do. Souchong,	49 —
2 chests Hyson Skin,	53 —
COFFEE—102 bags Havana,	25 a 25½ —
20 — —	22 a 22½ —
PIMENTO—43 — Jamaica, (90 days)	26 a 27 —
[Terms $500, 90 days.]	
FRUIT—800 boxes Muscatel Raisins,	2,95 a 305 b.
400 do. Bloom —	2,65 a 2,70 —
10 do. Bunch Muscatel —	3,25 —
20 kegs Sun —	7,85 a 8,00 —
CHOCOLATE—48 boxes, Boston No. 1,	13 cts. lb.
160 ½-do. — —	13 —
HERRING—80 boxes 1st Sort Boston,	70 box.
PEAS—16 bbls.	$4,00 bbl.
WINE—70 casks L. P. Picua Wine,	1,37½ gal.
20 — Malaga Dry —	65 —
12 boxes Claret —	3,90 box.
SALT—100 bushels Liverpool, (fine)	50 bush.
NUTMEGS—200 lbs.	1,75 lb.
INDIGO—1 seroon Flotant,	1,62½ —
BRANDY—2 pipes Armonac,	1,32½ —
RICE—4 tierces Carolina,	3,62½ cwt.
TOBACCO—12 kegs (Manufactured)	6 a 10½ lb.
POTATOES—67 hampers Lancashire,	55 a 60 b.
SALT PETRE—5 kegs Refined,	8½ lb.
CASSIA—15 mats Chinese,	34 —

BANK NOTE EXCHANGE,

Corrected at Goodwin's Lottery Office.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2, 1822.

United States Branches, - - -	½ per cent. dis.
New-Hampshire, - - - -	2 per cent. dis.
Burlington, (Vert.) - - - -	3 per cent. dis.

Massachusetts.

	Discount		Discount.
Boston banks	1	Salem	12
Springfield	1½	Worcester	1½
Hampshire	2	Other notes	2

Rhode-Island.

Providence	2	Other notes	2
Washington	2		

Connecticut.

Middletown	1½	Bridgeport	1½
Phenix bank	1½	Eagle Bank	1½
Derby	1½	Hartford	1½

New-York.

New-York City	par	Catskill	1½
Jacob Barker's	no sale	Bank of Columbia	1½
Albany	1	Middle District	1½
Troy	1	Auburn	1½
Mohawk bank	1	Geneva	2
Lansingburg	1	Columbia receivables	1½
Newburg	2	Utica	2
Newburg branch,	2	Plattsburg	3
Orange county	1½	Bank of Montreal	5
Ontario	2	Canada bank	5

New-Jersey.

Jersey bank	par	Camden State bank		par
Banks in Newark	do.	Trenton	do.	do.
New-Brunswick	do.	Elizabethtown	do.	do.
Trenton Insurance	do.	N. Brunswick	do.	do.
Farmers' bank	do.	Patterson	do.	do.
Cumberland,	do.	Morristown	do.	do.
Sussex Bank	do.			

Pennsylvania.

Philadelphia	par	York Bank	1
Easton	do.	Chambersburg	1½
Germantown	do.	Farmers' Bank of Reading	par
Montgomery county	do.	Gettysburg	1½
Chester county	do.	Carlisle Bank	1½
Delaware county	do.	Swatara, Harrisburg	1½
Lancaster Bank	do.	Pittsburgh	1½
Farmers' Bank of Lancaster	do.	Centre	15
Harrisburg	do.	Silver Lake	60
Northampton	do.	Milton	15
N. Hope Bridge Co.	do.	Greensburg	7
Columbia do. do.	1½	Brownsville	7
Farmers' Bank of Bucks county	par	Other notes	no sale

Delaware.

Old Bank of Delaware	par	Wilmington and Brandywine	par
Farmers Bank at Dover and branches	do.	Commercial bank of Delaware	do.
Laurel bank	25	Branch at Milford	3

Maryland.

Baltimore	½	Conococheague bank at Williamsport	1½
City Bank	½	Westminster	1½
Annapolis	1	Havre de Grace	1
Branch at Easton	1½	Elkton	par
Do. at Fredericktown	1½	Bank of Caroline	12
Hagerstown	1½		

Virginia.

Richmond	1	Branch at Romney	1½
Branches	1	Do. at Charlestown	1½
Valley Bank	1½	N. W. bank of Virginia, Wheeling	5
Branch at Leesburg	1½		

District of Columbia.

Franklin Bank of Alexandria	no sale
All other District notes	½

North Carolina.

State bank at Raleigh and branches	3	Cape Fear	3
		Newbern	3

South Carolina.

State banks generally	1

Georgia.

State Banks generally	2½
Augusta Bridge Company	no sale

Kentucky.

Bank of Kentucky and branches	no sale

Ohio.

Chillicothe	2½	Most others	no sale

☞ All kind of Bank Notes, especially those named above, are purchased and sold at GOODWIN's OFFICE, at the lowest rates.

Bills on London—9 1-2 per cent. prem.

Drafts purchased on Augusta, (Geo.) Savannah, Charleston and Richmond.

Passion for building.—The villa, or rather superb palace of the Marchese Odescalchi, exemplifies strongly the passion for building inherent in the Italians. The Marquis begun it 40 years back; and he assured us it would take twelve years to finish it. He is now 70, and has no children. He occupies a little room in the office whilst this royal structure is completing; and the first day he shewed us the palace, we took him for one of the workmen.—*Lady Morgan.*

MARRIED,

On Wednesday evening, 20th ultimo, by the Rev. Abner Kneeland, Mr. SAMUEL CARVER, to Mrs. SARAH LEVERING, all of this city.

On Thursday evening, 21st Feb. in the Great Valley, Chester county, by the Rev. Wm. Latta, Mr. JOSEPH CASKEY, Merchant, of Philadelphia, to Miss SARAH, daughter of David Wilson, Esq. of said county.

On the evening of the 23d inst. by the Rev. Mr. Kemper, Capt. ENOCH TURLEY, to Miss ELIZA VAN DUSEN, both of this city.

On Monday, the 18th ult. by Wm. Moulder, Esq. Mr. DAVID PITTMAN, of Bucks county, to Miss MARY HORNE, of Philadelphia county.

On Tuesday last, at Germantown, by the Rev. Charles Dupuy, Mr. WILLIAM H. HAYWARD, to Miss ELIZA TURLEY, both of this city.

On the 14th inst. by the Rev. Dr. Brodhead, Mr. NORRIS HANNUM, of Delaware county, to Miss SARAH YOUNG, of this city.

In Fayetteville, (N. C.) on the 27th of January, by the Rev. G. T. Bedel, Mr. WILLIAM TAMS, late of Philadelphia, to Miss MARY B. PURVIANCE, of the former place.

At Green-street Meeting, DAVID C. OGDEN, of Battentown, N. J. to BEULAH HANCOCK, of this city.

In this city, on the 19th of Feb. Mr GARRET CLARK, to Miss ELIZABETH BIGGER, both of Gloucester county, N. J.

On Friday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Abercrombie, Mr. WILLIAM STILL, to Miss JANE SCOTT, all of this city.

On Thursday evening last, by the Rev. Dr. Wilson, Mr. ERSKINE HAZARD, to MARY, daughter of Mr. Alexander Fullerton, of this city.

On Thursday evening, the 28th ult. by Robert Wharton, Esq. CHRISTIAN DONALDSON, of Clermont County, (Ohio,) to ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of the late Jeremiah Paul.

On Thursday, 17th ult. by the Rev Dr. Pilmore, Mr. RICHARD MOORE, of Ireland, to the amiable Miss MARY PAUL, of this city.

On Sunday last, the 24th ult. at Germantown, by the Rev. Mr. Baker, Mr JOHN SMITH, to Miss MARY MAGEE, both of the county of Philadelphia.

DIED,

On Sunday morning, the 24th ult. after a short illness, Miss JULIA D. BADER, in the 76th year of her age.

On Sunday morning last, JULIANA, daughter of the late Dr. R. Johnson, of this city.

On Monday, Mr WILLIAM MACKASON, Shipwright, aged 62 years.

On Sunday morning, Mrs. ELIZA CALDWELL, aged 65 years.

On Sunday evening, in the 71st year of his age, JOSIAH W. GIBBS, jun.

On Sunday morning, Mr JOHN STEVENSON, a native of Glasgow, Scotland, aged about 70

At Lewisburg, Pa. on Monday, the 18th ult. Mr. JOSEPH LYNDALL, house carpenter, formerly of this city.

On Tuesday evening, JOSEPH EMILE, youngest son of Mr. Paul Lajus.

On Wednesday evening, Mr WILLIAM E. HOWELL, of this city, Merchant.

On Wednesday, Mr ROBERT PALETHORP, jun. aged 26 years.

On Thursday, at 12 o'clock, after a long and painful illness, Mr. GEORGE V. REINHART, in the 56th year of his age.

On Thursday afternoon, in the 86th year of his age, Mr THOMAS TOWN.

On Thursday, the 28th ult. Mrs. SARAH JENKINS, aged 68 years.

ALMANAC.

1822. MARCH	*Sun Rises*	*Sun Sets.*	*High Water.*	*Moon's Phases.*
2 Saturday,	6 25	5 35	9 9	[illegible]
3 Sunday,	6 24	5 36	11 14	[illegible]
4 Monday,	6 22	5 38	0 7	[illegible]
5 Tuesday,	6 21	5 39	0 31	[illegible]
6 Wednesday,	6 19	5 41	1 13	[illegible]
7 Thursday,	6 18	5 42	1 49	[illegible]
8 Friday,	6 17	5 43	2 [illegible]	[illegible]

Prune Street Theatre.

MR. KLETT's BENEFIT

THIS EVENING, March 2, 1822,

WILL BE PRESENTED,

The admired play of

Timour the Tarter.

The evening's entertainment will conclude with the melo-drama of

ROBINSON CRUSOE.

2d Night of the BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL.

In honour of a day rendered National by its being the anniversary of the accession to the Presidential Chair of the United States, the performances at this Theatre will be comprised

ON MONDAY EVENING, March 4,

Of an American Patriotic play entitled the

Battle of Bunker Hill.

After which, Song, Bruce's Address, by Mr. Rae—Nicky Goose, and his Beautiful Maid, by Mr. Adamson.

To conclude with a new drama, in 3 acts, called

THERESE;

OR, THE ORPHAN OF GENEVA.

The Novelist's Library, Vol. I.

JUST published, by HICKMAN & HAZZARD, No. 121 Chesnut street, The Novelist's Library, Vol. I. containing the *History of Nourjahad,* by Mrs. F. Sheridan, with a Biographical Preface, and embellished with a handsome frontispiece. Price to subscribers, 50 cts. per vol. sewed—to non-subscribers, 62½ cts. per vol.

Our friends and the public are respectfully informed, that we intend to publish, in a neat and uniform manner, two editions 32mo. and 8vo. vols. of the most popular tales, among which are, Johnson's Rasselas, Voltaire's Zadig, Almoran and Hamet, Tales of the Castle, Fairy Tales, &c. Each work to be embellished with an elegant frontispiece.

The object in printing two editions, is to offer a choice of two sizes—each will contain the same matter. Some will prefer the 32mo. on account of its being more portable, others the 8vo. for being in fewer volumes. march 2—6w

THE SATURDAY MAGAZINE,

PUBLISHED by E. LITTELL, No. 74 South Second Street, Philadelphia; and by R. NORRIS HENRY, No. 97 Pearl Street, New York. Contents—Dwarfs—Letters on a Tour in Switzerland, No. I—Antipathies—Reflections on Plum-Pudding, by a Poor Gentleman—Biblical Literature—New Diplomatic Cipher—A new Mineral Substance—New Mathematical Instrument—Steam Boats—Royal Medical Society in France—Sporting in India—The Rambler—Major Andre—Cast Iron Palace—Old Maids—New Publications—The Younger Brother—To Julia—Sonnet.
march 2—1t

THE OLIO.

"Variety's the very spice of life,
That gives it all its flavour."

AGRICULTURE.

In ancient times, the sacred plough employ'd
The kings and awful fathers of mankind—
Ye sons of Freedom venerate the plough.
Nor ye who live
In luxury and ease, in pomp and pride,
Think these lost themes unworthy of your ear.
Such themes as these the rural Maro sung,
To wide imperial Rome, in the full height
Of elegance and taste, by Greece refin'd.

A GREAT CALF.

On seeing an *exquisite*, or dandy, weighing himself in the market scales, to the admiration of the by-standers.

Bacon and beef are often seen
To grace these scales and floor;
But sure there never here has been
So *large a Calf* before!

Lawyers.—Accordingly to the Asiatic Researches, a very curious mode of trying the title of land is practised in Hindostan:—Two holes are dug in the disputed spot, in each of which the plaintiff and defendant's lawyers put one of their legs, and remain there until one of them is tired, or complains of being stung by the insects, in which case his client is defeated. In this country, it is the client, and not the lawyer, who puts his foot into it.

Good Nature.—A celebrated wit used to say of a very good natured dull fellow, "Tis a thousand pities the fellow is not ill-natured that one might kick him out of company."

BON MOT.—In the French Academy, Abbe Reignier, the Secretary, one day made a collection in haste of one pistole from every member, to defray the current expences. The Abbe did not observe, that the President, who was a very avaricious man, had not put his pistole into the hat, and presented it to him a second time. "I have given already," he replied. "I believe it," said the Abbe, "but I did not see it"—"and I," rejoined Fontenelle, who was at his side, "saw it, but did not believe it."

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

SOLUTION

To the Enigmas addressed by your Correspondent to the Medical Students of the University of Pennsylvania.

1. *Rus-sia—h-is.*	*Rush.*
2. *Wis-h—tar-peia.*	*Wistar.*
3. *Dor-othy—se-ven—y.*	*Dorsey.*
4. *Wond-r—od-e—ho-mer—u-se-ptmontium.*	*Woodhouse.*
5. *Bar-rister—ton-nage.*	*Barton.*
6. *Cat-hedral—rall-y.*	*Cathrall.*
7. *Smi-le—th-omas.*	*Smith.*
8. *Dun—lap-se.*	*Dunlap.*
9. *Duf-f—fi-ddle—eld-er.*	*Duffield.*
10. *Per-fection—kin-dred—s.*	*Perkins.*
11. *Phi-lanthropy—e-f-fer-onia.*	*Phieffer.*
12. *Wea-lth—ver-ge.*	*Weaver.*
13. *Bo-naparte—n—d-rum.*	*Bond.*
14. *Shi-eld—p—pen-nsylvania.*	*Shippen.*
15. *Gra-duation—ham.*	*Graham.*
16. *Cad-mus—wal-lace—lad-d-er-ror.*	*Cadwallader.*
17. *Red-emption—man.*	*Redman.*
18. *Ph-ysick—il-legal—e.*	*Phile.*
De-mo—ad-miral. *Physics—ei n—ci-stern—an-acreon—e.*	*Dead Physicians.*

The above has afforded a number of us an exercise, of a nature calculated to excite emulation, which will most assuredly improve the mind. In our researches to fathom the analogies to connect the characters, we become acquainted with ideas and associations that otherwise would not have awakened the perseverance.

The solutions being specifically addressed to us, we could upon no principle remain inactive—the excitement became general, and it was agreed unanimously to commence operations, which terminated in the conclusions above. These remarks are made in expectation that your correspondent will continue to propound questions in the form of enigmas. A STUDENT.

[For the Saturday Evening Post.]

ENIGMAS.

Addressed to Young Gentlemen, Students at Law.

1. Three-sevenths of a disease among cattle, two-fifths of a fearful event, and a consonant.
2. Four-sixths of a popular novel, and two-fifths of a churl.
3. Four-sixths of a contract, and one-half of a short poem.
4. One-half of an article of furniture, used by the ladies, three-fifths of a part of the human body, and two-thirds of the produce of the husbandman.
5. Two-fifths of a medical root, and three-fourths of what is admired by the fair sex.
6. What every youth wishes to be, and the result of a battle.
7. A furnace, a consonant, and one-fifth of a pleasure boat.
8. Four-tenths of an internal faculty, and a crime not cognizable by our constituted criminal courts.
9. Three-eighths of a nautical term, three-fourths of a coin, and a vowel.
10. Three-sevenths of weakness, and two-sevenths of a Zetland proprietor.
11. Three-fifths of a zealot, and a female's christian name.

☞ Two-sixths of a musical instrument, and two-sixths of a city in Greece, five-ninths of a Roman Emperor, two-eighths of a successor in the Roman empire, and a vowel.

A new and valuable styptic which will stop bleeding even of the largest blood vessels—Take of brandy or common spirits two ounces; Castile soap two drachms; pearl ash one drachm; scrape the soap fine and dissolve it in brandy; then add the pearl ash, mix it well together, and keep it close in a phial. When you apply it, let it be warmed, and dip pledges of lint in it, and the blood will immediately congeal.

It operates by coagulating the blood a considerable way within the vessel: a few applications [illegible] be necessary where the wound is deep [illegible] where a limb is cut off.

[*Ontario Republican.*

IRO[illegible]EST.

ANY person havi[illegible] dispose of, may hear of a purchaser [illegible] a note, directed to S. at the office of [illegible]day Evening Post, stating price, size, &c. oct 6—tf

BALM OF COLUMBIA,

An important recent Chemical discovery.

THE ladies and gentlemen of this city and elsewhere, are respectfully informed, that John Oldridge has fortunately discovered, by the power of chemistry, the grand desideratum of preventing Hair from falling off in FORTY-EIGHT HOURS. This balm will most absolutely, in the course of a short time, make the Hair grow *healthy* and *thick*. J. O. is well aware that many fraudulent and impositious Oils, &c have been imposed on the public, and therefore prejudice will be severe against his discovery, until trial shall convince his patrons that such a thing exists in nature as a certain preventative against the loss of hair. This valuable balm will cause whiskers and beards to grow rapidly. No danger need be apprehended to the human system by the application of this capillary restorative. The public may rest assured that it helps nature, and is perfectly harmless.

Prepared and sold, at $1 a pint, or 50 cents for a half pint bottle, by JOHN OLDRIDGE, No. 55½ South Front street, Philadelphia.

RECOMMENDATION.

WE, the undersigned, do hereby certify, that we have, in various cases, used the Balm of Columbia, lately discovered by John Oldridge, of Philadelphia, and have found it highly serviceable not only as a preventative against the falling off of hair, but also as a restorative. We, therefore, feel assured of its excellence, and consider it valuable and well worthy the attention of the public. In testimony whereof, we have added our respective signatures, and given it our warmest recommendation.

Abraham A. Robinson, 55 South Front street.
Cromwell French, 1 Taylor's alley, S. Front st.
John Fink, Plumb street, between 3d and 4th.
John Cook, 35 Penn street. jan 26—tf

CARRIAGES AND GIGS.

THE SUBSCRIBER respectfully tenders his thanks for the patronage which has heretofore been bestowed upon him, and apprizes his friends and the public that his establishment has recently been improved, and augmented to an extent which enables him to supply the calls of his customers at the most immediate notice. His carriages are not only fitted up in an elegant manner, but constructed and furnished so as to be at once comfortable and commodious—his principal care having been to accommodate them to the several seasons of the year. In the selection of his coachmen he has been particularly careful, that they should be sober and skilful, and that their appearance should correspond with the equipage. Despatch, diligence and attention, will be constantly given to those who honour him with their commands. The dimensions of his stable being very extensive, he is willing to receive Horses at Livery.

He has provided his establishment with a very elegant HEARSE FOR FUNERALS, with Horses and Furniture corresponding with the Vehicle and its purpose.

Expresses sent to any part of the country at any hour.

JOHN CARTER.

In Prune street, between 5th and 6th streets.
dec. 22—tf

Oyster Rendezvous and Chop House.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber in tendering his thanks for the liberal patronage which has been heretofore extended to him, respectfully informs his friends and the community generally, that he has re-opened his establishment at No. 10 LIBRARY STREET, immediately facing the United States' Bank, and that he has annexed to his Hotel an

Oyster Rendezvous.

Gentlemen can be supplied with unusual dispatch at any hour through the day, with the first rate Oysters dressed to suit their wishes; and in the Chop House, with Beefsteaks, Veal Cutlets, and a variety of poultry; and choice game, and with any other article in the culinary line, which they may be disposed to prefer. The contiguity of the Banks, Coffee-House and public offices, renders his establishment unusually accommodating to persons having business at either, and he solicits a continuance of their former favours.

The Bar is abundantly supplied with liquors and refreshments, and there will be constantly on hand Genuine old Irish Whisky, for *Hot Punch*.
nov 17—tf CHARLES NEWMAN.

WASHINGTON MUSEUM,

Illuminated every evening, Sunday excepted.

CONTAINING 300 Wax Statues, 300 Paintings, many Natural Curiosities and Mechanical pieces. Among the Statues are represented the late Duel of Commodores Decatur and Barron, attended by their seconds, Com. Bainbridge and Capt. Elliott; Queen Dido on the funeral pile; Death of General Moreau; Death of General Packenham; Maria Antoinette, queen of France, beheaded on the Guillotine—*In Paintings*, the Battle of Waterloo; Perry's Victory; Death of Gen. Ross, at Baltimore; the Anaconda destroying both Horse and Rider; Battle of the Romans; Penn's Treaty with the Indians.

Anatomical Apartment—11 Natural preparations, and 10 in Wax; 10 full Portraits, many Historical Paintings and Engravings. This Room is 25 cents extra.

No. 48 MARKET STREET, two doors below Second street. Admittance 25 cents—Children 12½ cents. feb 2—tf

FRENCH SCHOOL.

CHARLES KLOTZ returns his grateful thanks to the citizens of Philadelphia, for the encouragement he has received in this city, and hopes to deserve a continuance of public confidence by his assiduity and attention. He has opened a French Class at his house, No. 74 *South Fifth street*, for the instruction of Young Gentlemen in this useful Language—Days of tuition are, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, from 5 till 7 o'clock in the evening. Terms, $10 per quarter, half to be paid in advance on the first lesson.

He intends likewise to open an Evening Class for grown gentlemen, from 7 till 9, or 8 till 10 o'clock, on the same days, and the same terms.

Lessons given in private families and Seminaries. C. K. is employed for the tuition of the French Language in two of the most respectable Seminaries in this city, where every satisfaction will be given as to his capacity.
oct 13—1y

JOHN M'CLOUD, 46 Market street,

KEEPS constantly on hand, a large and general assortment of Ready made HATS, which he will sell at very reduced prices. Customers supplied at a short notice, on reasonable terms. feb 2—tf

JAMES BIRD,

BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,

NO. 25 north Tenth street, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the Boot and Shoemaking business, and trusts by strict attention to merit a share of public patronage. feb 2—tf

THE SUBSCRIBER

OFFERS for sale, at his Manufactory, No. 36 Carters Alley, a few doors from Third st. directly opposite Girard's Bank, an extensive supply of BOOTS and SHOES, of various kinds and qualities. Also, a handsome assortment of Eastern Shoes.
feb 2—tf JOSEPH COGGINS.

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand at his Manufactory, No. 76 *Lombard street*, a large assortment of BASS SIDE DRUMS, TAMBOURINES, &c. which he will dispose of on the most moderate terms. THOMAS YOUNG.
feb 2—tf

FORTUNE's HOME,

127 CHESNUT STREET

Drawing of the Union Canal Lottery,

FIRST CLASS—NEW SERIES.

Numbers drawn from the Wheel.	1st.	2d.	3d.	4th.	5th.
	13	3	19	27	29

WHICH gives to ticket No. 988, combination 3, 13, 19, the prize of $2,500, which was sold and paid by P. CANFIELD, as well as two other capitals, and an immense number of smaller prizes.

P. Canfield returns his sincere acknowledgments to his friends and the public, for the patronage he has received in the Union Canal Lottery, first class, and solicits a continuance of it in the second class, the scheme of which he has the pleasure of offering to the public, and which is as follows:

Union Canal Lottery—2d Class.

NEW SERIES.

ARCHIBALD M'INTYRE, Manager.

1	Prize of	$5,000	is	$5,000
1		1,500		1,500
1		800		800
3		200		600
4		100		400
250		12		3000
1500		6		9000
1760	Prizes.			$20,000
2300	Blanks.			
4060	Tickets.			$20,300

Price of Tickets $5 50 each—shares in proportion, but will soon advance to $6. This lottery will positively be drawn on the 11th of April next, or *sooner*, and be completed in FIVE MINUTES!

Union Canal Lottery—10th Class.

ARCHIBALD M'INTYRE, Manager.

1	Prize of	$10,000	is	$10,000
2		5,000		10,000
10		1,000		10,000
20		500		10,000
100		100		10,000
100		50		5,000
300		20		6,000
6500		6		39,000
7033	Prizes			$100 000
12967	Blanks			
20,000	Tickets at $5			$100,000

Price of Tickets $5 50 each, Shares in proportion, and will soon be advanced to $6 each.

Prizes and blanks to be drawn. The drawing will positively commence on Wednesday, the 17th of April next.

All the Prizes floating from the commencement of the drawing, except one of the $5000 Prizes, which will be put into the wheel when 6000 Tickets are drawn, and the $10,000 Prize when 12 000 Tickets are drawn.—First 3,500 blanks will be entitled to $6 each.

The Pennsylvania State Lottery.

SECOND CLASS—NOW DRAWING.

PRIZES TO BE DRAWN.

1	Prize of	$15,000
1	do.	8,000
1	do.	5,000

Several of $2000—1000—500—100, &c. &c. And a great number of smaller prizes—Tickets $7 each, and shares in proportion.

Tickets and Shares for sale at

P. CANFIELD'S

Pennsylvania State Lottery Office,

No. 127, CHESNUT STREET,

Nearly opposite and between the Post-Office and United States Bank.

The CASH will be paid for all Prizes sold at the above Office, as soon as drawn. Orders, (post paid for tickets or shares, in either or all, of the above Lotteries, thankfully received and promptly attended to—and Clubs dealt with on the most favourable terms. The *original* of all Share Tickets, sold at the above Office, will be deposited in the hands of the Manager for the security of the Purchaser. feb 23—tf

Hamilton Village Inn.

ROBERT SHAW, Victualler, respectfully informs his friends and the public, and brother Victuallers, that he has taken the above Establishment for the accommodation of those who may honour him with their custom. Good and sufficient Sheds for Horses, together with Pens for Sheep, and accommodations for Drovers, Farmers, Waggoners, &c. nov. 17—tf

Silk, Cotton and Woollen Dyer.

S. WILLIAMSON, No. 38, North Eighth Street, Philadelphia, respectfully informs the Dry Good Merchants, that he still continues the above business, of Dying French and Canton Crapes, Levantines, Mantua and Florence Silks, Sattins, Velvets, Gauzes, Sewing Silks, Ribands, &c. and restores Silks to their original colours, Bombazets, Bombazeens, Poplins, Broad Cloths, Cassimeres, Waterloo Shawls Dyed, Pressed or Sponged, and every article of Clothing.

S. W. flatters himself, from his long experience in the above business, all those who may favor him with their orders he hopes he will be able to give general satisfaction. jan 12—6m

THE BUSINESS

FORMERLY conducted by T. W. LEVERING, deceased, Bell Caster, Brass Founder, Bell Hanger and Lock-smith, is still continued at the old established stand, No. 79 SOUTH FIFTH STREET—a capable person engaged, Casts and Hangs Church, Turret, and Ship Bells, on reasonable terms. House Bells, in town or country, neatly hung, Locks, Jacks, and all sorts of Brass Furniture, neatly repaired. Keys fitted to Locks, and Locks picked at the shortest notice.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited. feb 2—tf

FANCY CHAIRS.

THE Subscribers have on hand, a large assortment of FANCY CHAIRS, made of the best materials, which they will sell low for Cash, at No. 50 CHESNUT STREET, Philadelphia.

GEORGE C. LENTNER,
feb 2—tf JOHN PATTERSON.

G. PERSICO,

DRAWING Master and Miniature Painter, has taken a room at Robinson's Carving and Gilding store, No. 86 Chesnut street, where he will take Likenesses on moderate terms. Ladies will be waited on at their dwellings if more agreeable. He also intends opening a Drawing School, where all the branches of the art will be taught if a sufficient number of Subscribers are obtained.

Terms—at his room, per quarter, $9—Private lessons at their dwellings, do. $12. feb 2—tf

John and Thomas Cluley,

WIRE FENDER and CAGE MAKERS, No. 17 South Fourth street, next door to the Indian Queen, manufacture all articles in the Wire line on reasonable terms. Orders from any part of the U. States promptly attended to. feb 2—tf

Samuel Mason, jun.

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, has Removed from No. 167 Chesnut street to No. 249 Market street, north side, between Sixth and Seventh streets, where he offers for sale, an assortment of warranted patent Lever, Repeating & Plain Watches. Also, Gold, Gilt and Steel Chains, Seals & Keys. *Clocks and Watches carefully repaired.* feb 2—tf

HARDWARE.

A GENERAL assortment of IRONMONGERY, CUTLERY, &c. may be constantly obtained on moderate terms, by Store-keepers and others, for cash or credit, at the subscriber's store, No. 57 Market, third door below Second street

THOMAS SHIPLEY.

Jan. 12—6m

In Chancery of New-Jersey.

Between
John Gaunt, Executor, and
Achsah Gaunt, Executrix
of Samuel Gaunt, deceased,
Complainants.
And, Stacy Kirkbride, Martha
Kirkbride, and Thomas
Wilson,
Defendants.

On Bill to foreclose, &c.
Jan'y 22d, 1822.

IT appearing to the Court that process of Subpœna to appear, &c. hath issued against the above named defendants, and that Stacy Kirkbride hath not caused his appearance to be entered, as according to the rules of this Court, the same ought to have been entered in case such process had been duly served—and it also appearing by affidavit to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, that the said Stacy Kirkbride is out of this State and in the State of Pennsylvania—Upon opening the matter this day to the Court on behalf of Aa. Ogden Dayton, Solicitor, and of counsel with the Complainants, the Chancellor doth order and direct the said Stacy Kirkbride to appear, plead, answer or demur to the Complainants' Bill of complaint in this cause, on or before the first Tuesday of April next, and in case he shall fail to do so, the complainants' bill shall be taken as confessed, and thereupon such decree be made as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just.—And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published within twenty days after the date hereof in the Salem Messenger, a newspaper printed and published in Salem, in this State, for the space of six weeks successively, once in each week, and also in a newspaper printed and published in the City of Philadelphia, for the space of four weeks successively, once at least in each week.

ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, C.

A True Copy,
WM. HYER, Clerk. feb 9—4w

In Chancery of New-Jersey.

Between
Josiah Miller,
Complainant,
And Barbara Caush
John Caush, John
Haines and others,
Defendants.

On Bill to foreclose, &c.
January 16, 1822.

IT appearing to the Court, that process of subpœna to appear, &c. hath issued against the above named defendants, and that John Haines, one of the above named defendants, has not caused his appearance to be entered, as according to the rules of this Court the same ought to have been entered, in case such process had been duly served, and it also appearing, by affidavit, to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, that the said John Haines resides out of this state, and in the state of Pennsylvania—upon opening the matter, this day, to the Court, by W. N. Jeffers, Solicitor, and of Counsel with the complainant, the Chancellor doth order and direct the said John Haines to appear, plead, answer, or demur to the complainant's bill of complaint in this cause, on or before the first Tuesday of April next, and in case he shall fail so to do, the complainant's bill shall be taken as confessed against him, and thereupon such decree shall be made as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published within twenty days after the date hereof, in the Salem Messenger, a newspaper printed and published in Salem, in this state, for the space of six weeks successively, once at least in each week, and also in a newspaper printed and published in the state of Pennsylvania, within the said twenty days, for four weeks successively, once at least in each week. ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, C.

A true copy,
WM. HYER, Clerk. feb 9—4w*

In Chancery of New-Jersey.

Between
William Ford,
Complainant,
And Joseph Lodge,
Nathan Folwell,
Jeffery S. Clark,
& Paul Bright,
Defendants.

On Bill to foreclose, &c.
January 16th, 1822.

IT appearing to the Court that process of subpœna to appear, &c. hath issued against the above named defendants, and that Nathan Folwell, one of the above named defendants, hath not caused his appearance to be entered as, according to the rules of this court, the same ought to have been entered in case such process had been duly served; and it also appearing by affidavit to the satisfaction of the Chancellor, that the said Nathan Folwell resides out of this state, and in the state of Pennsylvania—upon opening the matter, this day, to the Court, by W. N. Jeffers, Solicitor, and of Counsel with the complainant, the Chancellor doth order and direct the said Nathan Folwell to appear, plead, answer, or demur to the Complainant's bill of complaint in this cause, on or before the first Tuesday of April next, and in case he shall fail so to do, the Complainant's bill shall be taken as confessed against him, and thereupon such decree shall be made as the Chancellor shall think equitable and just. And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order shall be published within twenty days after the date hereof in the Salem Messenger, a newspaper printed and published in Salem, in this state, for the space of six weeks successively, once at least in each week, and also in a newspaper printed and published in the state of Pennsylvania, within the said twenty days, for four weeks successively, once at least in each week. ISAAC H. WILLIAMSON, C.

A true copy,
WM. HYER, Clerk. feb 9—4w*

REMOVAL.

ROBERT THOMPSON has removed his Establishment from No. 7, North Front Street, to No. 137, WASHINGTON STREET, NEW-YORK, where in future it will be conducted under the firm of

ROBERT THOMPSON & CO.

Who have received by the late arrivals from Liverpool a choice and valuable assortment of HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GENUINE (L) ENGLISH BLISTER, CROWLEY, SHEAR, and BEST REFINED CAST STEEL, which they will sell to Wholesale Dealers on very reasonable terms.
feb. 16—6t*

Mrs. Shallus's Circulating Library,

No. 94, SOUTH THIRD STREET.

MRS. S. informs her friends and the public in general, that she continues her establishment at No. 94 South Third street, where may be had, all the latest English and American publications.

In consequence of the present scarcity of money, all subscriptions commenced after the first of February, 1822, will be at $5 per year, $2 75 for 6 months, and $1 50 per quarter—Payable in advance.

N. B. Catalogues of the Library are just published, in which are included all the works.
feb 23—tf

WALDREN BEACH,

86 LOMBARD STREET,

MANUFACTURES and has for Sale, in Wholesale quantities, the following articles:—Cake, Canister and Roll Blacking—Windsor Soap, and Wash Balls—Pomatum, Ink Powder, Glass Paper, &c. &c.

N. B. The Manufacturer will sell in Wholesale quantities only, to Stores, and those wishing to Retail. feb 2—tf

QUILL MANUFACTORY.

KREYMBORG & HAGEDORN, No. 41 Chesnut, Philadelphia, has on hand and offers for sale, all kinds of Clarified Yellow and White Manufactured QUILLS, from $2 50 to $25 the thousand. feb 2—tf

From Goodwin's Office.

ON the 12th day of February, at 1 o'clock, P. M. agreeably to the promise of the Manager, the drawing of the first Class of the new series, Union Canal Lottery took place at the Washington Hall, and the numbers drawn as follows, which determined the fate of the whole Lottery in five minutes.

No. 13—3—19—27—29

Drawn from the wheel out of thirty numbers. Having closed the above Lottery to the satisfaction of the public, the second class of the new series, with the following scheme, is offered, and to be drawn in five minutes, positively on the 11th April next, at 3 o'clock, P. M. at Washington Hall.

SCHEME.

SECOND CLASS—NEW SERIES.

1	Prize of	5,000	is	5,00
1		1,500		1,50
1		800		80
3		200		60
4		100		40
250		12		3,00
1500		6		9,00
1760	Prizes			20,30
2300	Blanks			
4060	Tickets, at $5 is			20,30

The prizes in this lottery will be determined by thirty numbers as before.

Whole tickets for sale at $5 50, Halves 2 75, Quarters 1 37½, Eighths 68¾.

Prizes to be subject as usual to 15 per cent.

Grand State Lottery.—10th Class,

Draws on the 16th of April,

SCHEME.

1	Prize of	10,000	is	10,000
2		5,000		10,000
10		1,000		10,000
20		500		10,000
100		100		10,000
100		50		5,000
100		20		6,000
6500		6		39,000
7035	Prizes			100,000
12967	Blanks			
20,000	Tickets		$5	100000

Prizes payable in 60 days after the conclusion of the Lottery.

Pennsylvania Lottery—2d Class.

SCHEME

1	Prize of	$15,000	is	$15,000
1		8,000		8,000
1		5,000		5,000
3		2,000		6,000
5		1,000		5,000
10		500		5,000
Several		100		&c. &c.

Whole Tickets,	7 00	Quarters,	1 75
Half do.	3 50	Eighths,	87½

Sixteenths, 44.

The subscriber returns his thanks for the liberal support he has received from his friends and the public in his various concerns as a Commission Merchant and Broker, and begs leave to assure them that every attention shall be paid to trusts reposed; that orders for the various lotteries in different states shall have due attention—and for all prizes drawn in State Lotteries, cash will be instantly paid when drawn. Clubs and companies will be served on the most reasonable terms. Notes, bills and bonds discounted. Money advanced on mortgages—several valuable farms for sale, in Montgomery, Bucks, and other counties, by

Thomas Goodwin,

Lottery and Exchange Broker,

N. E. corner of Walnut and Third streets, No. 77.

N. B. A valuable farm, of about one hundred acres, to rent, about 14 miles from the city.—Likewise, several houses and lots in the village of Haddington, four miles from Philadelphia.
feb 23—tf

JAMES B. WOOD,

42 *SPRUCE, between Front and Second streets,*
(Near the D[illegible], Philadelphia.)

MANUFACTURES and keeps constantly on hand, the Patent Wheat Fans, and [illegible] Dutch Fans; likewise, Fans for cleaning Coffee and Rice, and all other Grain.

CUTTING BOXES, of a superior kind, may be had as above, and others of all sorts and sizes.

FARMING UTENSILS, of every description, for sale at reasonable prices.

Orders for Shipping, or other purposes, will be supplied at the shortest notice, on moderate terms. feb 23—tf

R. L. JENNINGS,

GIVES lessons upon his system of SHORT HAND, at No 2 South Eighth street. Ladies or Gentlemen desirous of acquiring a thorough knowledge of this art, may be assured, that from its simplicity, a person of ordinary capacity will, in less than two weeks, be able to read and write it correctly and expeditiously. feb 23—tf

NOTICE.

THE Co-partnership heretofore existing between JOHN and JAMES B. WOOD, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to send in their accounts, and those having claims will present them to the subscriber, who is authorised to settle the same. JAMES B. WOOD.

The Wheelwright and Fan-making business carried on, as usual, at No. 42 Spruce street, by JAMES B. WOOD. feb 16—3t*

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE Farm of 93 acres, situate in Cheltenham Township, Montgomery county, 26 acres of Woodland, the remainder under good cultivation and fence.

A two story Stone Dwelling House, Stone Barn, Carriage House, and Spring house. This farm is eight and a half miles from this city, and fronts on the road leading from Jenkintown to Germantown. A plan may be seen and information obtained, at the office of PAGE & LISLE No. 8 South Fifth street. feb 16—3t

FRUIT TREES FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber having purchased that old established Nursery formerly the property of Samuel Coles, deceased, in addition to his former establishment, will be enabled to furnish his customers with a large and general assortment of APPLE, PEAR, PLUM, PEACH, CHERRY and APRICOT TREES.

Catalogues may be had by applying to the Subscriber, or can be sent to Market street Ferry, upper side, if required, any day except Sunday.

JOSEPH FRENCH, Jun.

Moorestown, (N. J.) Oct. 20, 1821—6m

HAT STORE,

NO. 2½ NORTH THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

P. C. WILLMARTH offers to the public, whose patronage he solicits, Water-Proof Imitation Beaver Hats, which are surpassed by none, in cheapness and durability. oct 27—tf

JEHU WARD,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKER, No. 42 *Market street*, between Front and Second, south side, has for sale, an assortment of warranted Watches, together with Chains, Seals and Keys, of various descriptions. Also, Silver Table and Tea Spoons, at reduced prices. Clocks, Watches, &c. repaired on the most reasonable terms, and warranted to perform. aug 18—tf